Previous references

1906

(Education)

File No 5

Serial Nos

Later references

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

Serial Nos 1—15

Part B for September 1906

SUBJECT

Municipal Contribution towards Education

...om the First Asst to the Resident in his ...no D C 57/06
...tes that on comparison of the Report on Public Instruction pro...
...that of the Madras Presidency the Municipal expenditure
...same in both cases, the contribution in ~~from Village~~ Municipalities
...is largely devoted to Primary Education in the Province, whereas
...he grant only Rs ... is spent for such purpose & requests to be
...vised the extent to which the several Municipalities
...ate liable to provide for Edn and the system followed
S 58
...and to the expenditure of Municipal funds on Ed[ucation]
...ns 2 Gs of Ed[ucation] - Do 281 of 11/7/06 Forwards last
...h a full report on the matter

11/9/06

from the Resident 7/5/06

requests early reply to el no. 1

from the Dy of Ed. No. 1406/115 of 16/8/06

asking report about Municipal expenditure

Education Inspector and states that the list of Municipalities will be sent shortly

1416/116 of 17/8/06

forwarded List of Municipalities referred to

in the 1st list to the Resident 172/29/8/06.

(2) ~~Draft~~ D.O.

Forwards the information called for

in the — of the Inspector General's letter

R S 11] 1906-07

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(Education)

NOTES

File No 5-06

LIST HEADING

Municipal Contribution towards Education

From The First Asstt to the Resident in Mysore

No D.O. Dated 5/7/06 Received 9/7/06

Diary No 216 | Enclos | Spare Copies | Serial No

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF LETTER

for 1904-05

Letter that on a comparison of the Report on Public Instruction in Mysore (with that of the Madras Presidency, it is observed that while the Municipal Contribution on education is practically the same in both places, the Contribution from Municipal funds in Madras is largely devoted towards Spread of primary education whereas in Mysore only ½ of the Contribution is spent for such purpose and Requests to be informed as to what extent the Several Municipalities in Mysore are able to provide for education and what exactly the System followed Regard to the expenditure of Municipal funds on education

NOTES AND ORDERS

Demands under

Refer to the Dgl of Edn for a full Report and Show it to me when Received

Dy Sec V P-M 6/7/06

Notes—First sheet

MCGPB 50 000—17-2-0

GRS 121
General and Revenue
Secretariat

Edn File No 5 of 1906

Serial No

1 Draft cesure & Cable Offce Dgz Edn enclosing the undertg letter in the A Resident's Do (but letter referring to him as the Resident), and ask for a full & early report
11/9/06

2 4 To the Dgl of Edn in Mysore
No 287 dt 11/7/06 Requests him to submit a full report on the particulars called for in the above

5 The Dgl has not yet submitted the Report called for A draft D.O Reminder is Subd for approval
Done
2/8/06

3 6 From the Offg First Asstt Resident D.O dt 9/8/06. Requests early reply to Sl No 1

7 Secy's order. Remind Dgl.
(Initd) V.C.S.
11/9/06

8 Draft Reminder Subd
11/9/06

Note—Co tn sl cct

GPB—000 000 03 10 05

3

Dear Sir

I am sending you a reply about Primary and Middle School education In reading it you would do well to remember the classification of schools, and classes in Schools

	Vernacular	Anglo Vernacular
Lower Primary	Infant A B C I	
Upper Primary	II III	I A V class
Middle	IV V	II — III . . . — or I Form IV . . . — or II — V . . — — or III —
High	VI VII	IV Form V Form VI Form

If a vernacular school has the IV & V classes it is called a Middle School and all expenditure on it is called expenditure on secondary education

Before the resolution the accepted principle was that if a municipality wanted middle school classes attached to the local school they must pay a contribution on this behalf and many of them paid it

Subsequently about 1894 when the new principle to which you refer came into fashion the contributions of these minor municipalities on behalf of the middle school classes of the local schools were not entrenched with But some of them had to pay extra sums on behalf of Primary and secondary vernacular education. Nominally therefore some of the municipalities are paying contributions

in respect of secondary education which are really contributions to schools maintaining Primary classes.

Even if a new G O were to be issued making it appear that these contributions are no longer to be considered as contributions on behalf of the higher classes the expenditure would still be shown in our accounts as expenditure on secondary education so long at least as the middle school classes are retained

For example on page 2 of the letter I am sending you there is an item of Rs 1200 for Boys High School English education This is for Mannalappas School, which maintains primary classes, and the municipal contribution was given long before Mannalappas School was a High School This is really municipal expenditure partly on account of Primary education but simply because this school maintains High School classes it is shown in our accounts as expenditure on High School education

Yours faithfully
Lowis

GRS 12]
General and Revenue Secretariat

Estt. File No 5 of 1906

Serial No

From Asst. Secy. Govt. of Estt.
D.O dt. 17/8/06.

S 12]
eneral and Revenue Secretariat

Edn File No 5 of 1906

Serial No

3 From the Dy C of E&A in Mysore No 1406/115 dt 16/8/06 - Submits a report about Municipal expenditure on Education in Mysore and States that a list of Municipalities in Mysore paying Contribution towards education will be sent shortly

4 " From - Do - No 1416/116 dt 17/8/06 - Forwards the list of Municipalities Referred to above -

12 The total Municipal expenditure on Public Instruction in 1904-05 amounted to Rs 30,793 (Vide Statistical Table VII attached to the Report for that year) - an abstract thereof is given below -

	Expenditure from Municipal Funds
Colleges	
Oriental colleges	Rs 400
Secondary Schools	
High Schools (English) —	1,200
Middle Schools English (Boys & Girls)	9,267
Do - Vernacular (Do)	14,681
Primary Schools (Boys & Girls)	3,268
Sanskrit & other Schools (including the Deaf and Dumb School Mysore)	1,677
Miscellaneous —	300
Total	30,793

13 The Dy C states that from the above figure-

NOTE—Contd

MCCPB—20000—1 11 04

Serial No

if we take the expenditure shown against Primary Schools Viz Rs 3,268 and compare it with the total Municipal expenditure on Education Viz Rs 30793 it no doubt appears that only about 1/10 is spent on Primary education. But the sum of Rs 3268 Represents only the expenditure on primary Schools and not on Primary education The Middle Schools (Vernacular contain primary classes and that the most of the expenditure shown against them Viz 14381 is really spent on Primary education, as out of the 8403 pupils shown in the Middle ~~Class~~ Schools Vernacular in Gen. table V, only 1048 were Reading in the Middle stage, while the Remaining 7355 were in the primary Stage The Middle Schools (English) also contain primary classes and part of the expenditure on these Schools is likewise Spent on Primary education Thus if the expenditure of the Primary Depts of the Middle (Vernacular & English) Schools is added to that of the Primary Schools proper, the proportion of Municipal expenditure on primary education would be much larger and the difference in this respect between Madras & Mysore will

NOTE—Contn sl et

GRS 12J
General and Revenue Secretariat

Edn Fil No 5 of 1906,

Serial No

be insignificant

14 As regards the System in Vogue in Mysore about the liability of Municipalities to provide for education the Dy states that there is no Statutory obligation for Mysore Municipalities to provide or maintain Schools and with the single exception of the Bangalore City Municipality, no other Municipalities maintain any School under their Control the Bangalore Municipality was maintaining the following 3 Schools till the 1st July 1906.—

	Name of the School.	Annual Municipal expr
1	City Municipal English School	Rs 4838
2	Chamarajpet A V School	
3	Municipal Kannada School	

From the 1st July 1906, the whole cost of the English School was transferred to the Edn Budget and the School was placed under the control of the Edn Deptt, while the other 2 Schools remain under the control of the Municipality, while Govt pay grants of Rs 75 + 35 per mensem respectively to the Schools towards the cost of them Middle Deptt (Vide G.O No Pl 142-3 Edn 05-6 dt 7/7/06)

Note Contra et

GPB—50-00-3-10-05

GPS 12J
General and Revenue Secretariat

Edn File No 5 of 1906.

Serial No

Thus the total municipal expenditure on Edn will be reduced by about Rs 5000 which will still leave the proportion of municipal expenditure on primary education.

15 As Regards the other Municipalities there are 2 principles Viz some of them pay contributions towards the cost of Govt Schools within the municipal limits in accordance with G O Nos. C 11-Edn/2 F 116-94 & C 309-2 of the 12th October & 2nd March 1894 respectively while others pay fixed monthly grants for private Schools under Govt Sanction The lists of these Municipalities are given by the D.P.I.

16 A draft D O ~~owing~~ to the Residency giving the above information ~~to Dept~~ in the terms of the Inspector General's letter is subd.

Vide orig 24/8/06

24/8/06

24/8/06

24/8/06

1954 26/8/06

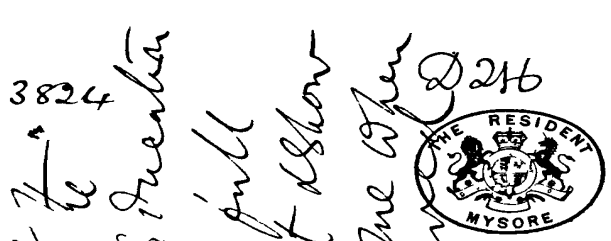
Draft D O cond N° 1720 29/8/06 The file is resubmitted.

30/8/06

Note—Contn sheet

GPB—50 000 23 10 05

Submitted to Hon'ble Member 1/9/06



BANGALORE
Jul 1906

My dear Brown

Please refer to [illegible] Secretary's letter [illegible] 7 of the 10th [illegible] 1906 forwarding copies of the Report on Public Instruction in [illegible]sore for the [illegible]ear 1904-1905

2 On a comparison of this report with that of the [illegible]adras Presidenc , it is observed t at [illegible]hile the [illegible]unicipal Expenditure on education is practically the same in both places, there is one point [illegible]ich seems to call for notice The contribution from [illegible]unicipal Funds [illegible]n the [illegible]adras Presidency is devoted large[illegible] towards the spread of [illegible]primar[illegible] education, whereas in [illegible]ysore onl[illegible] 1/10th of the contribution is spent for this purpose You are of course aware of the gereral [illegible]pri ciple [illegible]at [illegible]prim ry ducation should have [illegible] predominant claim upon [illegible]e expenditure of t[illegible] Distric[illegible] or [illegible]unicipal Boards.

3 In the [illegible]adr s Presid ncy [illegible]unici[illegible]al Councils are liable to pro [illegible]ide funds fo[illegible] educ[illegible]tion only so far as their reso[illegible]rces ma[illegible] permit, and the[illegible] are required to arran[illegible]e for the instruction of onl[illegible] such c[illegible]ildren as shall not oth[illegible]rwise have been pro[illegible]id[illegible] for The [illegible]unicip[illegible]l[illegible]ities there are not therefore [illegible]holly responsi[illegible]le for education [illegible]ithin their limits The funds pro[illegible]id[illegible] b local bodies and the

SUBJECT

t1 Government for educational purposes are however under the management of the Educational Department, which gives grants-in- generally for the purposes indicated in the adras Grant-in-aid Code

r Fraser will be glad to know to what extent the severa Municipalities in sore are liable to provide for education and What is exactl t e s stem followed in regard to the e penditure of uricipal Funds or edmcation

Yours sincerely

Alexander

P acia a Pao Fsquire, C I E ,

• De an of Mrsore

GRS 26]

File No 5-06

Serial No 2

Diary No of letter replied to 216

No 281

General and Revenue Secretariat

( )

the 190

Date of issue 11-7-06

Signed by [illegible]

To The Govt of Eds in Mysore

Sir,

On a Comparison of the Report on Public Instruction in Mysore for 1905-06 with that of the Madras Presidency it is observed that while the Municipal expenditure on Education is practically the same in both places, ~~there is one point which seems to call for notice.~~ The Contribution from the Municipal funds in the Madras Presidency is devoted largely towards the Spread of Primary education whereas in Mysore only 1/10 of the Contribution is spent for this

over

SUBJECT

the Edn Deptt is
purpose. You are of course
aware of the general principle
that primary education should
have a predominant claim upon
the expenditure of the Distt or
Municipal Boards.

2 In the Madras Presidency
Municipal Councils are liable
to provide funds for education
only so far as their Resources
may permit and they are required
to arrange for the instruction
of only such children as shall
not otherwise have been provided
for. The Municipalities there
are not therefore wholly responsible
for education within their limits &
the funds provided by local bodies
and the Govt. for educational
purposes are however under the
management of the Edn Deptt
which gives grants-in-aid
generally for the purposes in-
dicated in the Madras Grant in aid code.

List of enclosures

Copied by

Examined by

MGCPB—30,000—16 2 05

GRS 27]

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT

(Continuation Sheet 1 att to no.)

and early

3 I am therefore directed to request you to favor Govt with a full report as to what extent the several Municipalities in the State are liable to provide for education and what is exactly the system followed in regard to the expenditure of Municipal Funds on education.

I have etc

[illegible]
9/7/06
for Secretary
Sng 9/7

Sec
9/7/06

Sec
9/7

Form S1]

OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF EDUCATION IN MYSORE

No 1406 / 115 Bangalore, 10th August 190 o

D 1619

Med S-06 Sl-3

From

J Weir Esq M A

~~H E BHABH Esq~~

Ag *Inspector General of Education in Mysore*

To

K S Chandrasekhara Iyer Esq B A B L

Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore Revenue and General Departments Bangalore

Sir

With reference to your No 281 / Ed (5-0o)-6 dated 11th July 190o and subsequent D O letters No 11°o and No 1380 / Ed (5-06) dated 2nd and 11th August 190o respectively I have the honour to inform you that the discrepancy in municipal expenditure on education in Mysore as compared with Madras is more apparent than real The municipal expenditure on general education ~~in both cases~~ is partly on Secondary Schools and partly on Primary Schools Secondary Schools include Middle Schools and Middle Schools invariably have primary classes, and while the expenditure is shown in the annual reports as expenditure on Middle School education it is really very largely expenditure on Primary education The total expenditure in the year 1904-0o compares as follows -

	Madras	Mysore
Colleges	9	400
Secondary	47 406	25 148
Primary	79 510	8,208
Special	5 642	1 077
Buildings	18 174	

Inspection	14,186	
Scholars	80	300
	2,65,054	30,793

This no doubt makes it seem as if about only 1/10 of the total amount spent in Mysore is spent on Primary education But a considerable portion of the amount included under the item of Secondary education is really spent on primary education. The expenditure under secondary education is divided as follows according to Table VII of the Report for 1904-5

	Madras	Mysore
Boys High School English	24,330	1,200
Vernacular	-	-
Middle School English	17,296	8,787
Vernacular	5,268	14,381
Girls High School English	-	-
Vernacular	-	-
Middle School English	-	480
Vernacular	562	300
	47,456	25,148

The amount shown as spent on Middle School Vernacular education is really spent for the most part on Primary education, and the amount shown as spent on Middle School English education is also partly spent on Primary educatio The Middle Schools as a rule contain very small numbers attending the upp classes This is shown in table V as follows for the whole boys' Vernacula Middle Schools in the State

	No of pupils.			
	Middle Stage	Upper Primary	L P reading printed books	L
Departmental Schools	811	1,363	3,382	
Municipal Schools	24	30	47	
Aided Schools	213	255	584	
	1,048	1,648	4,013	

Thus out of a total of 8403 boys and girls attending such schools only 1048 were reading in the Middle Stage Hence a very considerable portion of the item included under Middle School vernacular education ought to be added on to the item Primary education Then this is done the difference between ysore and Madras is comparatively insignificant

2 In the Mysore State there is no statutory obligation for Municipalities to provide or maintain schools and with the single exception of Bangalore no Municipality maintains any municipal school The Bangalore City Municipal English School which was maintained entirely by the Municipality was handed over to Government on the 1st July 1900 and the Municipality now has only two schools under its own management viz the Chamarajapete A V School and the Kannada Boys' School But these are partly supported by grants-in-aid from State Funds

3 There are two different principles on which contribution are made by Municipalities towards education within municipal limits (1) Some municipalities make fixed annual contributions to Government as a share of the expenditure on a Government school maintained within the municipal area under Govt Order C No 309-20 dated 2nd March 1894 and Govt Order Camp No 11-20 / L F 116-93 dated 12th October 1894. These Municipalities are as follows

Lists will follow

(2) Other ~~Municipalities under Government sanction~~ give grants-in-aid to private schools within municipal limits Thus the following municipalities give such grant-in-aid

	Amount
Nanjangud	120
Closepet	120
Devanahalli	120
Sidlaghatta	123
Mysore	9000 (Budget for 1905-06)

Bangalore

588 (Budget for 1905-6)

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

J. Wen

Ag Inspector General

Urgent

IV

Ell 18]

D1620 1906-1907

From

J Wen Esq Ma,
Ag Inspector General of
Education in Mysore

To

K S Chandrasekhara Iyer Esq BA BL,
Secretary to the Government of His
the Maharaja of Mysore
General & Rev Depts,
Bangalore

Dated 17th August 1906
Despatched

Received

General No 1416
No 116

Enclosures one

Sir

I have the honour to forward herewith a list of Municipalities paying Contributions to the Education Department referred to in para 3 of this office No 1406/115 dated the 16th instant on the subject of expenditure on Education from Municipal Funds.

I have &c

J Wen

Ag Inspector General

Dft

List of unicipalities paying contributions to the

Education Department

ict	Municipalities		Amount paid under G O Camp No 11-20 / L F 110-93 9/12/10/94		Amount paid under G O C No 309-25 2/3/94
	No	Name	V S Fund	Provl Fund	
lore	1	Hoskote	"	240	50
	2	Dodballapura	'	400	"
	3	Nelavangala	"	240	"
	4	Tyamagondlu	240	"	57
	5	Kankanhalli	"	220	100
	6	Magadi	"	280	120
	7	Closepet	"	310	"
	8	Channapatna	"	500	"
	9	Anekal	"	490	"
	10	Sarjapur	130	"	"
	11	Devanahalli	"	** 140	72
	12	Vadigenahalli	80	"	"
		Total Bangalore Dt	450	2880	399
	13	Bowringpet	"	240	200
	14	Chintamani	"	340	57
	15	Srinivasapura	"	100	"
	16	Mulbagal	"	310	"
	17	Sidlaghatta	"	410	58
	18	Chikballapura	"	590	"
	19	Bagepalli	"	50	"
	20	Gudibanda	"	100	"
	21	Goribidnur	"	120	"
	22	Malur	"	100	"
		Total Kolar Dt		2480	315
kur	23	Koratagere	"	130	"
	24	Maddagiri	"	200	"
	25	Sira	"	240	63
	26	Chiknayakanhalli	"	300	90
	27	Huliyar	"	70	"
	28	Turuvekere	'	50	"
	29	Pavagada	"	80	"
	30	Kunigal	"	200	"
	31	Tiptur	"	"	85
		Total Tumkur Dt		1390	238

ɔre	32	Gundlupet	"	240	69
	33	Chamarajanagara	"	240	"
	34	Heggaddevankote	"	40	"
	35	Yedatore	"	120	"
	36	T Narasipur	"	100	"
	37	Nanjangud	"	380	"
	38	Melkote	190	"	64
	39	French Rocks	"	150	"
	40	Mandya	"	130	"
	41	Malavalli	"	190	"
	42	Nagamangala	"	110	"
	43	Krishnarajapete	"	70	"
	44	Hunsur	"	"	8
	45	Seringapatna	"	"	300
		Total Mysore Dt	190	1770	441
san	46	Alur	"	90	"
	47	Saklespur	"	120	72
	48	Belur	"	240	140
	49	Arsikere	"	140	"
	50	Channarayapatna	"	130	72
	51	Hole-Narasipur	"	350	"
	52	Arkalgud	"	220	"
		Total Hassan Dt		1270	284
imoga	53	Channagiri	"	240	52
	54	Honnali	"	200	45
	55	Nyamati	270	"	"
	56	Shikaripura	"	330	"
	57	Sorab	"	150	"
	58	Sagara	"	230	114
	59	Kumsi	"	100	"
	60	Tirthahalli	"	40	104
		Total Shimoga Dt	270	1290	376
dur	61	Yedahalli	"	110	"
	62	Tarikere	"	"	114
	63	Birur	"	"	75
		Total Kadur Dt		110	189
taldrug	64	Holalkere	"	100	"
	65	Hosdurga	"	170	"
	66	Hiriyur	"	90	"
	67	Challakere	"	80	"
	68	Jagalur	"	80	"
	69	Molakalmuru	"	190	"

taldrug (contd)	70	Davangere			100
	71	Harihara			100
		Total Chitaldrug Dt		770	200
Total for the Province			910	11960	2441

Acting Inspector General

Bangalore
2nd August 1906

Dear Mr Moore,

~~With reference to~~

Your D O dated the 5th Ultimo ~~to the address of the Dewan~~ requesting to be informed of the extent to which the several municipalities in Mysore are liable to provide for education, and also of the system in vogue in Mysore in regard to the expenditure of Municipal Funds on education, I ~~am desired to send the following particulars for the information of the Honble the Resident in Mysore.~~

The municipal expenditure on general education both in Madras and Mysore is partly on Secondary Schools and partly on Primary Schools Secondary Schools include Middle Schools, and Middle schools invariably have primary classes, and while the expenditure is shown in the annual reports as expenditure on Middle School education or it is really very largely expenditure on Primary education. The total expenditure, in Madras & Mysore Districts, for the year 1904-05 compares as follows

	Madras	Mysore
Colleges	0	400
Secondary	47,456	25,148
Primary	1,79,516	3,268
Special	5,642	1,677
Buildings	18 174	-
Inspection	14,186	-
Scholars	80,	300
	2,65,054	30,793

- This

This no doubt makes it seem as if about only 1/10 of the total expenditure incurred in Mysore is spent on Primary education But a considerable portion of the amount included in the item of Secondary education is really spent on primary education The expenditure under secondary education is divided as follows according to Table VII of the Report for 1904-05

	Madras	Mysore
Boys High School English	24,330	1,200
Vernacular	---	--
Middle School English	17,296	8,787
Vernacular	5,268	14,381
Girls High school English	---	--
Vernacular	---	[illegible]
Non-School English	[illegible]	480
Vernacular	562	300
	47,456	25,148

The amount shown as spent on Middle School Vernacular education is really spent for the most part on Primary education, and the amount shown as spent on Middle School English education is also partly spent on Primary education. The Middle Schools as a rule have only a small number of pupils attending the upper classes This is shown in table V as follows for the whole State for boys' Vernacular Middle Schools in the State

	No of pupils			
	Middle stage	Upper Primary	L P reading printed books	L P not reading printed books
Departmental Schools	81	1,363	3,382	1,410
Municipal Schools	24	30	47	12
Aided Schools	213	255	584	272
	1,048	1,648	4,013	1,694

Thus of a total of 8403 boys and Girls attending such schools only 1048 were reading in the Middle stage Hence a very considerable portion of the

the item included under Middle School vern-
-cular education ought to be added on to the
Mem Primary education When this is done the dif-
-ference between Mysore and Madras is compa-
ratively insignificant

2 In the Mysore State there is no statutory obligation for Municipalities to provide or maintain schools and with the single exception of Bangalore, no Municipality maintains any municipal school The Bangalore City Municipal English School, which was maintained entirely by the Municipality was handed over to Govt on the 1st July 1906 and the Municipality now has only two schools under its own management viz, the Chamarajpete A School and the Kanrādi Boys' school But these are partly supported by grants-in-aid from State Funds This arrangement however will reduce in future, the total municipal expenditure by about Rs 5000 thereby raising the proportion of municipal expenditure on primary education

3 There are two different principles on which contributions are made by municipalities towards education within municipal limits - (1) Some municipalities make fixed annual contributions to Govt as a share of the expenditure on a Govt school maintained within the municipal area and (2) others give grants-in-aid to private schools within municipal limits

In these circumstances the disparity in municipal expenditure on Primary

Primary education in Mysore as compared with Madras is more apparent than real

Yours sincerely

D Madhava Rao
Dewan

K.M.C 24/8/06

24/8/06